



## Who is Jane Goodall?

Jane Goodall was an English primatologist. She worked with chimpanzees in Tanzania and studied them very closely. She was born in 1934 in London, England, on April 3<sup>rd</sup> and sadly passed on the 1<sup>st</sup> of October 2025. She was always fascinated by animals in Africa. This love and passion came from the book Tarzan.

## The Start of Her Adventure!

Jane started her adventure in July 1960. She traveled to the Gombe National Park in Tanzania to start to study chimpanzees at the age of 26. This is when she realised that her childhood dream to live with and study wild animals in Africa was finally going to blossom. After saving money from several jobs, at only 23 years old, Jane went to live in Kenya. There, she met the famous paleoanthropologist Dr. Louise Leakey.

## Some Main Accomplishments!

- **REVOLUTION OF CHIMPANZEES:** Her studies in Gombe, Tanzania, led her to find out that chimpanzees use tools, a trait that was once thought to be exclusive to humans.
- **DOCUMENTED COMPLEX BEHAVIOUR:** She was the first person (let alone woman) to reveal the complex social life of chimpanzees.
- **JANE GOODALL INSTITUTE :** She created the Jane Goodall Institute to promote her ongoing research and animal welfare.
- **GROUNDBREAKING RESEARCH METHODS:** She pioneered a new approach to primatology by giving chimpanzees names.

## **Outcome of Her Career!**

The outcome of Jane Goodall's career was a profound transformation of the scientific understanding of chimpanzees and human-animal relations, as well as the creation of a global conservation movement rooted in community action and youth empowerment. She fundamentally changed the scientific understanding of animals and humans' place in the natural world.

## **Conclusion**

Jane Goodall's career is a six-decade narrative of a shy, untrained young woman who became the world's foremost expert on chimpanzees and evolved into a global icon of conservation and hope. Her work fundamentally reshaped the scientific community's understanding of the line between humans and animals.